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Fill in this information to identify your case:		
United States Bankruptcy Court for the:		
NORTHERN DISTRICT OF ILLINOIS		
Case number (if known)	Chapter you are filing under:	
	☐ Chapter 7	
	■ Chapter 11	
	☐ Chapter 12	
	☐ Chapter 13	Check if this an amended filing

Official Form 101

Voluntary Petition for Individuals Filing for Bankruptcy

12/15

The bankruptcy forms use you and Debtor 1 to refer to a debtor filing alone. A married couple may file a bankruptcy case together—called a *joint case*—and in joint cases, these forms use you to ask for information from both debtors. For example, if a form asks, "Do you own a car," the answer would be yes if either debtor owns a car. When information is needed about the spouses separately, the form uses *Debtor 1* and *Debtor 2* to distinguish between them. In joint cases, one of the spouses must report information as *Debtor 1* and the other as *Debtor 2*. The same person must be *Debtor 1* in all of the forms.

Be as complete and accurate as possible. If two married people are filing together, both are equally responsible for supplying correct information. If more space is needed, attach a separate sheet to this form. On the top of any additional pages, write your name and case number (if known). Answer every question.

Par	t 1: Identify Yourself		
		About Debtor 1:	About Debtor 2 (Spouse Only in a Joint Case):
1.	Your full name		
	Write the name that is on your government-issued picture identification (for example, your driver's license or passport). Bring your picture identification to your meeting with the trustee.	Dean First name Gerard Middle name Thomas Last name and Suffix (Sr., Jr., II, III)	First name Middle name Last name and Suffix (Sr., Jr., II, III)
2.	All other names you have used in the last 8 years Include your married or maiden names.	Dean G. Thomas Dean Thomas	
3.	Only the last 4 digits of your Social Security number or federal Individual Taxpayer Identification number (ITIN)	xxx-xx-4443	

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Case number (if known)

Debtor 1 Dean Gerard Thomas

About Debtor 1: About Debtor 2 (Spouse Only in a Joint Case): Any business names and **Employer Identification** Numbers (EIN) you have I have not used any business name or EINs. ☐ I have not used any business name or EINs. used in the last 8 years Include trade names and Business name(s) Business name(s) doing business as names EINs EINs If Debtor 2 lives at a different address: Where you live **61 George Street** Grayslake, IL 60030-1536 Number, Street, City, State & ZIP Code Number, Street, City, State & ZIP Code Lake County County If your mailing address is different from the one If Debtor 2's mailing address is different from yours, fill it above, fill it in here. Note that the court will send any in here. Note that the court will send any notices to this notices to you at this mailing address. mailing address. Number, P.O. Box, Street, City, State & ZIP Code Number, P.O. Box, Street, City, State & ZIP Code Why you are choosing Check one: Check one: this district to file for bankruptcy Over the last 180 days before filing this petition, I Over the last 180 days before filing this petition, have lived in this district longer than in any other I have lived in this district longer than in any district. other district. I have another reason. I have another reason. Explain. (See 28 U.S.C. § 1408.) Explain. (See 28 U.S.C. § 1408.)

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Document Case number (if known) Debtor 1 **Dean Gerard Thomas**

7.	The chapter of the			one. (For a brief description of each, see <i>Notice Required by 11 U.S.C.</i> § 342(b) for <i>Individuals Filing for Bankruptcy</i> (010)). Also, go to the top of page 1 and check the appropriate box.								
	Bankruptcy Code you are choosing to file under	`_	<i>n 2010)).</i> Also, go to the top of page 1 and check the appropriate box. hapter 7									
		_	•									
		Chapter 11										
			napter 12									
			napter 13									
8.	How you will pay the fee	_	about how you	attorney is submitting your pa	are paying	the fee yourself,	you may pay with cash	n, cashier's check, or money				
				the fee in installments. If y		e this option, sign	and attach the Applica	ation for Individuals to Pay				
			Ū	e in Installments (Official For t my fee be waived (You ma	,	this option only if	you are filing for Char	oter 7. By law, a judge may				
			but is not requapplies to you	r family size warved (150 me r family size and you are una n to Have the Chapter 7 Filir	may do so able to pay	oonly if your incor the fee in install	me is less than 150% oments). If you choose	of the official poverty line that this option, you must fill out				
			ше Аррисано	n to Have the Chapter 7 Phili	ig ree wa	iivea (Oniciai Fon	ii 103b) and iile it with	your pennon.				
9.	Have you filed for bankruptcy within the last 8 years?	□ No										
			District	Northern District of Illinois (Eastern Division)	When	3/07/17	Case number	17-06864				
			District	Northern District of Illinois Eastern Division (Chicago)	When	1/14/10	Case number	10-01306				
			District	Division (Chicago)	When		Case number					
					_							
10.	Are any bankruptcy cases pending or being	■ No										
	filed by a spouse who is not filing this case with you, or by a business partner, or by an affiliate?	☐ Ye	s.									
			Debtor				Relationship to y	/ou				
			District		When		Case number, if					
			Debtor				Relationship to y					
			District		When		Case number, if	known				
11.	Do you rent your residence?	■ No	Go to li	ne 12.								
	residence:	☐ Ye	s. Has you	ur landlord obtained an evict	ion judgme	ent against you ar	nd do you want to stay	in your residence?				
				No. Go to line 12.								
				Yes. Fill out <i>Initial Statemen</i> bankruptcy petition.	nt About ar	n Eviction Judgme	ent Against You (Form	101A) and file it with this				

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Page 4 of 24 Document Case number (if known) Debtor 1 **Dean Gerard Thomas** Part 3: Report About Any Businesses You Own as a Sole Proprietor Are you a sole proprietor No. of any full- or part-time Go to Part 4. business? Name and location of business ☐ Yes. A sole proprietorship is a business you operate as Name of business, if any an individual, and is not a separate legal entity such as a corporation, partnership, or LLC. Number, Street, City, State & ZIP Code If you have more than one sole proprietorship, use a separate sheet and attach it to this petition. Check the appropriate box to describe your business: Health Care Business (as defined in 11 U.S.C. § 101(27A)) Single Asset Real Estate (as defined in 11 U.S.C. § 101(51B)) Stockbroker (as defined in 11 U.S.C. § 101(53A)) Commodity Broker (as defined in 11 U.S.C. § 101(6)) None of the above 13. Are you filing under If you are filing under Chapter 11, the court must know whether you are a small business debtor so that it can set appropriate Chapter 11 of the deadlines. If you indicate that you are a small business debtor, you must attach your most recent balance sheet, statement of Bankruptcy Code and are operations, cash-flow statement, and federal income tax return or if any of these documents do not exist, follow the procedure you a small business in 11 U.S.C. 1116(1)(B). debtor? I am not filing under Chapter 11. ☐ No. For a definition of small business debtor, see 11 I am filing under Chapter 11, but I am NOT a small business debtor according to the definition in the Bankruptcy No. U.S.C. § 101(51D). I am filing under Chapter 11 and I am a small business debtor according to the definition in the Bankruptcy Code. ☐ Yes.

Report if You Own or Have Any Hazardous Property or Any Property That Needs Immediate Attention

Do you own or have any property that poses or is alleged to pose a threat of imminent and identifiable hazard to public health or safety? Or do you own any property that needs immediate attention?

Part 4:

For example, do you own perishable goods, or livestock that must be fed, or a building that needs urgent repairs?

No.

☐ Yes.

What is the hazard?

If immediate attention is needed, why is it needed?

Where is the property?

Number, Street, City, State & Zip Code

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Debtor 1 Dean Gerard Thomas

Case number (if known)

Part 5:

Explain Your Efforts to Receive a Briefing About Credit Counseling

 Tell the court whether you have received a briefing about credit counseling.

The law requires that you receive a briefing about credit counseling before you file for bankruptcy. You must truthfully check one of the following choices. If you cannot do so, you are not eligible to file.

If you file anyway, the court can dismiss your case, you will lose whatever filing fee you paid, and your creditors can begin collection activities again.

About Debtor 1:

You must check one:

I received a briefing from an approved credit counseling agency within the 180 days before I filed this bankruptcy petition, and I received a certificate of completion.

Attach a copy of the certificate and the payment plan, if any, that you developed with the agency.

□ I received a briefing from an approved credit counseling agency within the 180 days before I filed this bankruptcy petition, but I do not have a certificate of completion.

Within 14 days after you file this bankruptcy petition, you MUST file a copy of the certificate and payment plan, if any.

I certify that I asked for credit counseling services from an approved agency, but was unable to obtain those services during the 7 days after I made my request, and exigent circumstances merit a 30-day temporary waiver of the requirement.

To ask for a 30-day temporary waiver of the requirement, attach a separate sheet explaining what efforts you made to obtain the briefing, why you were unable to obtain it before you filed for bankruptcy, and what exigent circumstances required you to file this case.

Your case may be dismissed if the court is dissatisfied with your reasons for not receiving a briefing before you filed for bankruptcy. If the court is satisfied with your reasons, you must still receive a briefing within 30 days after you file. You must file a certificate from the approved agency, along with a copy of the payment plan you developed, if any. If you do not do so, your case may be dismissed.

Any extension of the 30-day deadline is granted only for cause and is limited to a maximum of 15 days.

☐ I am not required to receive a briefing about credit counseling because of:

☐ Incapacity.

I have a mental illness or a mental deficiency that makes me incapable of realizing or making rational decisions about finances.

□ Disability.

My physical disability causes me to be unable to participate in a briefing in person, by phone, or through the internet, even after I reasonably tried to do so.

☐ Active duty.

I am currently on active military duty in a military combat zone.

If you believe you are not required to receive a briefing about credit counseling, you must file a motion for waiver credit counseling with the court.

About Debtor 2 (Spouse Only in a Joint Case):

You must check one:

□ I received a briefing from an approved credit counseling agency within the 180 days before I filed this bankruptcy petition, and I received a certificate of completion.

Attach a copy of the certificate and the payment plan, if any, that you developed with the agency.

☐ I received a briefing from an approved credit counseling agency within the 180 days before I filed this bankruptcy petition, but I do not have a certificate of completion.

Within 14 days after you file this bankruptcy petition, you MUST file a copy of the certificate and payment plan, if any.

□ I certify that I asked for credit counseling services from an approved agency, but was unable to obtain those services during the 7 days after I made my request, and exigent circumstances merit a 30-day temporary waiver of the requirement.

To ask for a 30-day temporary waiver of the requirement, attach a separate sheet explaining what efforts you made to obtain the briefing, why you were unable to obtain it before you filed for bankruptcy, and what exigent circumstances required you to file this case.

Your case may be dismissed if the court is dissatisfied with your reasons for not receiving a briefing before you filed for bankruptcy.

If the court is satisfied with your reasons, you must still receive a briefing within 30 days after you file. You must file a certificate from the approved agency, along with a copy of the payment plan you developed, if any. If you do not do so, your case may be dismissed.

Any extension of the 30-day deadline is granted only for cause and is limited to a maximum of 15 days.

I am not required to receive a briefing about credit
counseling because of:

☐ Incapacity.

I have a mental illness or a mental deficiency that makes me incapable of realizing or making rational decisions about finances.

☐ Disability.

My physical disability causes me to be unable to participate in a briefing in person, by phone, or through the internet, even after I reasonably tried to do so.

☐ Active duty.

I am currently on active military duty in a military combat zone.

If you believe you are not required to receive a briefing about credit counseling, you must file a motion for waiver of credit counseling with the court.

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Document Page 6 of 24 Case number (if known) Debtor 1 **Dean Gerard Thomas** Part 6: **Answer These Questions for Reporting Purposes** 16. What kind of debts do 16a. Are your debts primarily consumer debts? Consumer debts are defined in 11 U.S.C. § 101(8) as "incurred by an individual primarily for a personal, family, or household purpose." you have? No. Go to line 16b. ☐ Yes. Go to line 17. 16b. Are your debts primarily business debts? Business debts are debts that you incurred to obtain money for a business or investment or through the operation of the business or investment. No. Go to line 16c. ☐ Yes. Go to line 17. 16c. State the type of debts you owe that are not consumer debts or business debts 17. Are you filing under I am not filing under Chapter 7. Go to line 18. No. Chapter 7? I am filing under Chapter 7. Do you estimate that after any exempt property is excluded and administrative expenses Do you estimate that ☐ Yes. after any exempt are paid that funds will be available to distribute to unsecured creditors? property is excluded and administrative expenses ☐ No are paid that funds will ☐ Yes be available for distribution to unsecured creditors? 18. How many Creditors do **1**,000-5,000 **1** 25,001-50,000 1-49 you estimate that you **5001-10.000 5**0.001-100.000 **50-99** owe? **1**0.001-25.000 ☐ More than 100.000 **1**00-199 □ 200-999 19. How much do you □ \$500,000,001 - \$1 billion **\$0 - \$50,000** □ \$1,000,001 - \$10 million estimate your assets to □ \$50,001 - \$100,000 □ \$10,000,001 - \$50 million □ \$1,000,000,001 - \$10 billion be worth? □ \$50,000,001 - \$100 million □ \$10.000.000.001 - \$50 billion **\$100,001 - \$500,000** □ \$100,000,001 - \$500 million ☐ More than \$50 billion □ \$500.001 - \$1 million 20. How much do you **□** \$0 - \$50,000 □ \$500,000,001 - \$1 billion ■ \$1,000,001 - \$10 million estimate your liabilities □ \$50,001 - \$100,000 □ \$1,000,000,001 - \$10 billion □ \$10,000,001 - \$50 million to be? □ \$100,001 - \$500,000 □ \$10,000,000,001 - \$50 billion □ \$50,000,001 - \$100 million □ \$500,001 - \$1 million ☐ More than \$50 billion □ \$100,000,001 - \$500 million Part 7: Sign Below For you I have examined this petition, and I declare under penalty of perjury that the information provided is true and correct. If I have chosen to file under Chapter 7, I am aware that I may proceed, if eligible, under Chapter 7, 11,12, or 13 of title 11, United States Code. I understand the relief available under each chapter, and I choose to proceed under Chapter 7. If no attorney represents me and I did not pay or agree to pay someone who is not an attorney to help me fill out this document, I have obtained and read the notice required by 11 U.S.C. § 342(b). I request relief in accordance with the chapter of title 11, United States Code, specified in this petition. I understand making a false statement, concealing property, or obtaining money or property by fraud in connection with a bankruptcy case can result in fines up to \$250,000, or imprisonment for up to 20 years, or both. 18 U.S.C. §§ 152, 1341, 1519, and 3571. /s/ Dean Gerard Thomas Signature of Debtor 2 **Dean Gerard Thomas** Signature of Debtor 1

September 29, 2017

MM / DD / YYYY

Executed on

MM / DD / YYYY

Executed on

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Debtor 1 Dean Gerard Thomas

Document Page 7 of 24 Case number (if known)

For your attorney, if you are represented by one

If you are not represented by an attorney, you do not need to file this page. I, the attorney for the debtor(s) named in this petition, declare that I have informed the debtor(s) about eligibility to proceed under Chapter 7, 11, 12, or 13 of title 11, United States Code, and have explained the relief available under each chapter for which the person is eligible. I also certify that I have delivered to the debtor(s) the notice required by 11 U.S.C. § 342(b) and, in a case in which § 707(b)(4)(D) applies, certify that I have no knowledge after an inquiry that the information in the schedules filed with the petition is incorrect.

/s/ J. Kevin Benjamin ARDC #:	Date	September 29, 2017
Signature of Attorney for Debtor		MM / DD / YYYY
J. Kevin Benjamin ARDC #:		
Printed name		
Benjamin Legal Services, PLC		
Firm name		
1016 W. Jackson Boulevard		
Chicago, IL 60607-2914 Number, Street, City, State & ZIP Code		
Number, Street, City, State & ZIP Code		
Contact phone (312) 853-3100	Email address	attorneys@benjaminlaw.com
6202321		
Bar number & State		

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Fill in this information to identify your case:				
Debtor 1	Dean Gerard Tho	mas		
	First Name	Middle Name	Last Name	
Debtor 2				
(Spouse if, filing)	First Name	Middle Name	Last Name	
United States Bankruptcy Court for the:		NORTHERN DISTRICT	OF ILLINOIS	
Case number				Charle if this is
(ii kilowii)				☐ Check if this is amended filing

B 104

For Individual Chapter 11 Cases: List of Creditors Who Have the 20 Largest Unsecured Claims Against You and Are Not Insiders

If you are an individual filing for bankruptcy under Chapter 11, you must fill out this form. If you are filing under Chapter 7, Chapter 12, or Chapter 13, do not fill out this form. Do not include claims by anyone who is an insider. Insiders include your relatives; any general partners; relatives of any general partners; partnerships of which you are a general partner; corporations of which you are an officer, director, person in control, or owner of 20 percent or more of their voting securities; and any managing agent, including one for a business you operate as a sole proprietor. 11 U.S.C. § 101. Also, do not include claims by secured creditors unless the unsecured claim resulting from inadequate collateral value places the creditor among the holders of the 20 largest unsecured claims.

Be as complete and accurate as possible. If two married people are filing together, both are equally responsible for supplying correct information.

				Unsecured clain
Baralaus Barala Balausau	What	is the nature of the claim?	Credit Card - Debtor Believes this is credit card of wife only and is not joint.	\$ \$274.00
■ Barclays Bank Delaware 100 S West Street Wilmington, DE 19801	As of ■	the date you file, the claim is: Contingent	Check all that apply	
-		Unliquidated Disputed		
	_	None of the above apply		
	Does	the creditor have a lien on you	ur property?	
		No		
Contact		Yes. Total claim (secured and	d unsecured) \$	
Contact phone		Value of security: Unsecured claim	- \$ \$	
	What	is the nature of the claim?	Credit Card - Debtor believes this is credit card of wife only and is not joint.	\$ \$1,213.94
Capital One Attn: General Corresp/Bankruptcy	As of	the date you file, the claim is: Contingent	Check all that apply	
Po Box 30285	_	Unliquidated		
Salt Lake City, UT 84130		Disputed		
		None of the above apply		

B104 (Official Form 104)

For Individual Chapter 11 Cases: List of Creditors Who Have the 20 Largest Unsecured Claims

12/15

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Debtor 1	Dean Gerard Thomas		Case numb	er (if known)					
_		Does	the creditor have a lien on your p	property?					
			No						
-	Contact		Yes. Total claim (secured and un	nsecured)	\$				
,	Contact	ш	Value of security:	nocourca)	-\$				
-	Contact phone		Unsecured claim		\$				
3		What	is the nature of the claim?	Credit Card		\$ \$1,049.80			
				believes the card of wift is not joint					
	Capital One			13 1101 101111	•	_			
	Attn: General	As of	the date you file, the claim is: Ch	eck all that ap	ply				
	Corresp/Bankruptcy		Contingent						
	Po Box 30285		Unliquidated						
	Salt Lake City, UT 84130		Disputed						
			None of the above apply						
-		Does	the creditor have a lien on your p	property?					
			No						
_	Contact		Yes. Total claim (secured and un	nsecured)	\$				
	Contact	ш	Value of security:	1100001100)	- \$				
_	Contact phone		Unsecured claim		\$				
4	Chase Bank	What	is the nature of the claim?			\$ \$200.00			
	Chase Bank POB 9001801	As of	the date you file, the claim is: Ch	eck all that an	vla				
	Louisville, KY 40218		Contingent		1.7				
	2001011110, 111 40210		Unliquidated						
		_	Disputed						
		-	None of the above apply						
-		Does	the creditor have a lien on your p	property?					
			No						
_	Contact		Yes. Total claim (secured and un	nsecured)	\$				
_			Value of security:		- \$	_			
	Contact phone		Unsecured claim		\$				
5		What	is the nature of the claim?			\$ \$3,663.00			
	Citi								
	Po Box 6241		the date you file, the claim is: Ch	eck all that ap	pply				
;	Sioux Falls, SD 57117		Contingent Unliquidated						
		_	Disputed						
_			None of the above apply						
		Does	the creditor have a lien on your p	property?					
			No						
	Contact		Yes. Total claim (secured and un	nsecured)	\$				
_			Value of security:		- \$				
,	Contact phone		Unsecured claim		\$				

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tor 1	Dean Gerard Thomas		Case nui	mber <i>(if known)</i>			
		What	is the nature of the claim?	Automobi	le	\$ Unknown	
1	Gateway One Lending & Finance 160 N Riverview Dr Ste 100 Anaheim, CA 92808	As of	the date you file, the claim is: Contingent Unliquidated Disputed None of the above apply	Check all that a	pply		
_		Does	the creditor have a lien on you	ır property?			
			No				
_				Lunga gurad)	\$ \$32,22	21.00	
(Contact	-	Yes. Total claim (secured and Value of security:	i unsecurea)	- \$ Unkno		
-	Contact phone		Unsecured claim		\$ Unkno		
		What	is the nature of the claim?	Lake Cour states mo document	e, IL 60030 nty. Debtor rtgage	\$ \$643,041.35	
	JP Morgan Chase Bank, N.A. Attn: CORR Mail, Mail Code	As of	the date you file, the claim is:	Check all that a	vlaa		
	-A4-5555		Contingent	orrook all triat a			
7	700 Kansas Lane		Unliquidated				
ľ	Monroe, LA 71203		Disputed				
			None of the above apply				
_		Does	the creditor have a lien on you	r property?			
_			No				
C	Contact		Yes. Total claim (secured and	l unsecured)	\$ \$901,9		
_			Value of security:			3,900.00	
	Contact phone	Unsecured claim		\$ \$643,041.35			
		What	is the nature of the claim?	61 George Grayslake Lake Cour Satisfactio Mortgage 1/19/2013. 6952373, I	e, IL 60030 nty. on of Recorded . Doc No.	\$ \$103,335.80	
/	JP Morgan Chase Bank, N.A. Attn: CORR Mail, Mail Code	As of	the date you file, the claim is: Contingent	Check all that a	pply		
	_A4-5555 700 Kansas Lane	=	Unliquidated				
	Monroe, LA 71203		Disputed				
			None of the above apply				
_		Does	the creditor have a lien on you	r property?			
			No				
_	Contact		Yes. Total claim (secured and	lunsecured)	\$ \$103,3	35.80	

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Debtor 1	Dean Gerard Thomas						
			Value of security:	-	\$	\$258,900.00	
	Contact phone		Unsecured claim		\$	\$103,335.80	
9		What	is the nature of the claim?	Educational		\$ \$7,607.00	
	Us Dept Of Ed/Great Lakes						
	Higher Ed	As of	the date you file, the claim is:	Check all that apply	/		
	Attn: Bankruptcy		Contingent				
	2401 International Lane		Unliquidated				
	Madison, WI 53704		Disputed				
			None of the above apply				
		Does the creditor have a lien on your property?					
			No				
	Contact	_ 🗆	Yes. Total claim (secured and	d unsecured)	\$		
		_	Value of security:	-	\$		
	Contact phone		Unsecured claim		\$		
Part 2:	Sign Below						
Under p	penalty of perjury, I declare that the inf	ormation	provided in this form is true ar	nd correct.			
X /s/	Dean Gerard Thomas		X				
De	an Gerard Thomas		Signature of De	ebtor 2			
Sig	nature of Debtor 1						
Dat	te September 29, 2017		Date				

Notice Required by 11 U.S.C. § 342(b) for Individuals Filing for Bankruptcy (Form 2010)

This notice is for you if:

You are an individual filing for bankruptcy, and

Your debts are primarily consumer debts. Consumer debts are defined in 11 U.S.C. § 101(8) as "incurred by an individual primarily for a personal, family, or household purpose."

The types of bankruptcy that are available to individuals

Individuals who meet the qualifications may file under one of four different chapters of Bankruptcy Code:

Chapter 7 - Liquidation

Chapter 11 - Reorganization

Chapter 12 - Voluntary repayment plan for family farmers or fishermen

Chapter 13 - Voluntary repayment plan for individuals with regular income

You should have an attorney review your decision to file for bankruptcy and the choice of chapter.

Chapter 7:	Liquidation
\$245	filing fee
\$75	administrative fee
+ \$15	trustee surcharge
\$335	total fee

Chapter 7 is for individuals who have financial difficulty preventing them from paying their debts and who are willing to allow their nonexempt property to be used to pay their creditors. The primary purpose of filing under chapter 7 is to have your debts discharged. The bankruptcy discharge relieves you after bankruptcy from having to pay many of your pre-bankruptcy debts. Exceptions exist for particular debts, and liens on property may still be enforced after discharge. For example, a creditor may have the right to foreclose a home mortgage or repossess an automobile.

However, if the court finds that you have committed certain kinds of improper conduct described in the Bankruptcy Code, the court may deny your discharge.

You should know that even if you file chapter 7 and you receive a discharge, some debts are not discharged under the law. Therefore, you may still be responsible to pay:

most taxes;

most student loans;

domestic support and property settlement obligations;

most fines, penalties, forfeitures, and criminal restitution obligations; and

certain debts that are not listed in your bankruptcy papers.

You may also be required to pay debts arising from:

fraud or theft;

fraud or defalcation while acting in breach of fiduciary capacity;

intentional injuries that you inflicted; and

death or personal injury caused by operating a motor vehicle, vessel, or aircraft while intoxicated from alcohol or drugs.

If your debts are primarily consumer debts, the court can dismiss your chapter 7 case if it finds that you have enough income to repay creditors a certain amount. You must file *Chapter 7 Statement of Your Current Monthly Income* (Official Form 122A–1) if you are an individual filing for bankruptcy under chapter 7. This form will determine your current monthly income and compare whether your income is more than the median income that applies in your state.

If your income is not above the median for your state, you will not have to complete the other chapter 7 form, the *Chapter 7 Means Test Calculation* (Official Form 122A–2).

If your income is above the median for your state, you must file a second form —the *Chapter 7 Means Test Calculation* (Official Form 122A–2). The calculations on the form— sometimes called the *Means Test*—deduct from your income living expenses and payments on certain debts to determine any amount available to pay unsecured creditors. If

your income is more than the median income for your state of residence and family size, depending on the results of the *Means Test*, the U.S. trustee, bankruptcy administrator, or creditors can file a motion to dismiss your case under § 707(b) of the Bankruptcy Code. If a motion is filed, the court will decide if your case should be dismissed. To avoid dismissal, you may choose to proceed under another chapter of the Bankruptcy Code.

If you are an individual filing for chapter 7 bankruptcy, the trustee may sell your property to pay your debts, subject to your right to exempt the property or a portion of the proceeds from the sale of the property. The property, and the proceeds from property that your bankruptcy trustee sells or liquidates that you are entitled to, is called *exempt property*. Exemptions may enable you to keep your home, a car, clothing, and household items or to receive some of the proceeds if the property is sold.

Exemptions are not automatic. To exempt property, you must list it on *Schedule C: The Property You Claim as Exempt* (Official Form 106C). If you do not list the property, the trustee may sell it and pay all of the proceeds to your creditors.

Chapter 11: Reorganization

\$1,167 filing fee

+ \$550 administrative fee

\$1,717 total fee

Chapter 11 is often used for reorganizing a business, but is also available to individuals. The provisions of chapter 11 are too complicated to summarize briefly.

Read These Important Warnings

Because bankruptcy can have serious long-term financial and legal consequences, including loss of your property, you should hire an attorney and carefully consider all of your options before you file. Only an attorney can give you legal advice about what can happen as a result of filing for bankruptcy and what your options are. If you do file for bankruptcy, an attorney can help you fill out the forms properly and protect you, your family, your home, and your possessions.

Although the law allows you to represent yourself in bankruptcy court, you should understand that many people find it difficult to represent themselves successfully. The rules are technical, and a mistake or inaction may harm you. If you file without an attorney, you are still responsible for knowing and following all of the legal requirements.

You should not file for bankruptcy if you are not eligible to file or if you do not intend to file the necessary documents.

Bankruptcy fraud is a serious crime; you could be fined and imprisoned if you commit fraud in your bankruptcy case. Making a false statement, concealing property, or obtaining money or property by fraud in connection with a bankruptcy case can result in fines up to \$250,000, or imprisonment for up to 20 years, or both. 18 U.S.C. §§ 152, 1341, 1519, and 3571.

Chapter 12: Repayment plan for family farmers or fishermen

	\$200	filing fee
+	\$75	administrative fee
	\$275	total fee

Similar to chapter 13, chapter 12 permits family farmers and fishermen to repay their debts over a period of time using future earnings and to discharge some debts that are not paid.

Chapter 13: Repayment plan for individuals with regular income

	\$235	filing fee
+	\$75	administrative fee
	\$310	total fee

Chapter 13 is for individuals who have regular income and would like to pay all or part of their debts in installments over a period of time and to discharge some debts that are not paid. You are eligible for chapter 13 only if your debts are not more than certain dollar amounts set forth in 11 U.S.C. § 109.

Under chapter 13, you must file with the court a plan to repay your creditors all or part of the money that you owe them, usually using your future earnings. If the court approves your plan, the court will allow you to repay your debts, as adjusted by the plan, within 3 years or 5 years, depending on your income and other factors.

After you make all the payments under your plan, many of your debts are discharged. The debts that are not discharged and that you may still be responsible to pay include:

domestic support obligations,

most student loans,

certain taxes,

debts for fraud or theft,

debts for fraud or defalcation while acting in a fiduciary capacity,

most criminal fines and restitution obligations,

certain debts that are not listed in your bankruptcy papers,

certain debts for acts that caused death or personal injury, and

certain long-term secured debts.

Warning: File Your Forms on Time

Section 521(a)(1) of the Bankruptcy Code requires that you promptly file detailed information about your creditors, assets, liabilities, income, expenses and general financial condition. The court may dismiss your bankruptcy case if you do not file this information within the deadlines set by the Bankruptcy Code, the Bankruptcy Rules, and the local rules of the court.

For more information about the documents and their deadlines, go to: http://www.uscourts.gov/bkforms/bankruptcy_forms.html#procedure.

Bankruptcy crimes have serious consequences

If you knowingly and fraudulently conceal assets or make a false oath or statement under penalty of perjury—either orally or in writing—in connection with a bankruptcy case, you may be fined, imprisoned, or both.

All information you supply in connection with a bankruptcy case is subject to examination by the Attorney General acting through the Office of the U.S. Trustee, the Office of the U.S. Attorney, and other offices and employees of the U.S. Department of Justice.

Make sure the court has your mailing address

The bankruptcy court sends notices to the mailing address you list on *Voluntary Petition for Individuals Filing for Bankruptcy* (Official Form 101). To ensure that you receive information about your case, Bankruptcy Rule 4002 requires that you notify the court of any changes in your address.

A married couple may file a bankruptcy case together—called a *joint case*. If you file a joint case and each spouse lists the same mailing address on the bankruptcy petition, the bankruptcy court generally will mail you and your spouse one copy of each notice, unless you file a statement with the court asking that each spouse receive separate copies.

Understand which services you could receive from credit counseling agencies

The law generally requires that you receive a credit counseling briefing from an approved credit counseling agency. 11 U.S.C. § 109(h). If you are filing a joint case, both spouses must receive the briefing. With limited exceptions, you must receive it within the 180 days *before* you file your bankruptcy petition. This briefing is usually conducted by telephone or on the Internet.

In addition, after filing a bankruptcy case, you generally must complete a financial management instructional course before you can receive a discharge. If you are filing a joint case, both spouses must complete the course.

You can obtain the list of agencies approved to provide both the briefing and the instructional course from: http://justice.gov/ust/eo/hapcpa/ccde/cc_approved.html

In Alabama and North Carolina, go to: http://www.uscourts.gov/FederalCourts/Bankruptcy/Bankruptcy/BankruptcyResources/ApprovedCredit AndDebtCounselors.aspx.

If you do not have access to a computer, the clerk of the bankruptcy court may be able to help you obtain the list.

United States Bankruptcy Court Northern District of Illinois

In re	Dean Gerard Thomas		Case No.		
		Debtor(s)	Chapter	11	
	VEI	RIFICATION OF CREDITOR MA	ATRIX		
		Number of C	Number of Creditors: 35		
	The above-named Debtor(s) (our) knowledge.	hereby verifies that the list of creditor	ors is true and	correct to the best of my	
Date:	September 29, 2017	/s/ Dean Gerard Thomas Dean Gerard Thomas Signature of Debtor			

Barclays Bank Delaware Acct No 5148875050888525 100 S West Street Wilmington, DE 19801

Barclays Bank Delaware Acct No 000151253447601 100 S West Street Wilmington, DE 19801

Barclays Bank Delaware Acct No 000154023489819 100 S West Street Wilmington, DE 19801

Barclays Bank Delaware Acct No 5148875050888525 P.o. Box 8803 Wilmington, DE 19899

Barclays Bank Delaware Acct No 000151253447601 P.o. Box 8803 Wilmington, DE 19899

Barclays Bank Delaware Acct No 000154023489819 P.o. Box 8803 Wilmington, DE 19899

Burke Warren Mackay & Serritella Acct No 10CH3689 339 North Wabash 22nd Floor Chicago, IL 60611

Capital One Acct No 5178059429427348 Attn: General Corresp/Bankruptcy Po Box 30285 Salt Lake City, UT 84130

Capital One Acct No 5178058491730167 Attn: General Corresp/Bankruptcy Po Box 30285 Salt Lake City, UT 84130 Capital One Acct No 5155970196366575 Attn: Bankruptcy Po Box 30253 Salt Lake City, UT 84130

Capital One Acct No 5178059429427348 15000 Capital One Dr Richmond, VA 23238

Capital One Acct No 5178058491730167 15000 Capital One Dr Richmond, VA 23238

Capital One Acct No 5155970196366575 15000 Capital One Dr Richmond, VA 23238

Chase Acct No 00447022631348 POB 9001020 Louisville, KY 40290-1020

Chase Auto Finance Acct No 11424413220905 National Bankruptcy Dept 201 N Central Ave Ms Az1-1191 Phoenix, AZ 85004

Chase Auto Finance Acct No 11424413220905 P.o. Box 901003 Fort Worth, TX 76101

Chase Auto Finance Acct No 11424413220905 Po Box 901003 Ft Worth, TX 76101

Chase Bank Acct No 11424413220905 POB 9001801 Louisville, KY 40218 Citi Acct No 4147110711232481 Po Box 6241 Sioux Falls, SD 57117

Cristy A. Thomas 61 George Street Grayslake, IL 60030

Gateway One Lending & Finance Acct No 20161255343384 160 N Riverview Dr Ste 100 Anaheim, CA 92808

Gateway One Lending & Finance Acct No 20161255343384 160 N Riverview Dr Ste 1 Anaheim, CA 92808

Illinois Department of Revenue Bankruptcy Section POB 64338 Chicago, IL 60664-0338

Internal Revenue Service Centralized Insolvency Operation POB 7317 Philadelphia, PA 19101-7317

Internal Revenue Service Centralized Insolvency Operations POB 7346 Philadelphia, PA 19101-7346

JP Morgan Chase Bank, N.A. Acct No 1080618459 Attn: CORR Mail, Mail Code LA4-5555 700 Kansas Lane Monroe, LA 71203

JP Morgan Chase Bank, N.A. Acct No 00447022631348 Attn: CORR Mail, Mail Code LA4-5555 700 Kansas Lane Monroe, LA 71203 JP Morgan Chase Bank, N.A. Acct No 1080618459 3415 Vision Drive Columbus, OH 43219

JP Morgan Chase Bank, N.A. Acct No 00447022631348 3415 Vision Drive Columbus, OH 43219

McCalla Raymer Pierce, LLC
Acct No #13508-63005 / 2010 CH 03689
Attn: Bk Department
1 N. Dearborn Street, Duite 1200
Chicago, IL 60602

McCalla Raymer Pierce, LLC Acct No #13508-63005 / 2010 CH 03689 Attention: Bankruptcy Department 1 N. Dearborn Street, \$\square\$Suite 1300 Chicago, IL 60602

Pierce & Associates Acct No 10CH3689 1 North Dearborn Street□□ Suite 1300 Chicago, IL 60602

Sheriff of Lake County Acct No 2010 CH 03689 25 S. Martin Luther King Jr, Avenue Waukegan, IL 60085

Us Dept Of Ed/Great Lakes Higher Ed Acct No 3963851162798581 Attn: Bankruptcy 2401 International Lane Madison, WI 53704

Us Dept Of Ed/Great Lakes Higher Ed Acct No 3963851162798581 Po Box 7860 Madison, WI 53707 Case 17-29541 Doc 1 Filed 10/02/17 Entered 10/02/17 20:59:32 Desc Main Document Page 21 of 24

B 201B (Form 201B) (12/09)

United States Bankruptcy Court Northern District of Illinois

In re	Dean Gerard Thomas		Case No.	
		Debtor(s)	Chapter	11
		OF NOTICE TO CONSUM 42(b) OF THE BANKRUPTO		(S)
	T (XXX) 1 1 1 1 () () () () () () () (Certification of Debtor		
Code.	I (We), the debtor(s), affirm that I (we) ha	ave received and read the attached not	tice, as required by	y § 342(b) of the Bankruptcy
Dean	Gerard Thomas	X /s/ Dean Gerard	d Thomas	September 29, 2017
Printed	d Name(s) of Debtor(s)	Signature of De	btor	Date
Case No. (if known)		X		
		Signature of Join	nt Debtor (if any)	Date

Instructions: Attach a copy of Form B 201 A, Notice to Consumer Debtor(s) Under § 342(b) of the Bankruptcy Code.

Use this form to certify that the debtor has received the notice required by 11 U.S.C. § 342(b) **only** if the certification has **NOT** been made on the Voluntary Petition, Official Form B1. Exhibit B on page 2 of Form B1 contains a certification by the debtor's attorney that the attorney has given the notice to the debtor. The Declarations made by debtors and bankruptcy petition preparers on page 3 of Form B1 also include this certification.

Case 17-29541 Doc 1 Filed 10/02/17 Entered 10/02/17 20:59:32 Desc Main Document Page 22 of 24

STATEMENT OF INFORMATION REQUIRED BY 11 U.S.C. §341

INTRODUCTION

Pursuant to the Bankruptcy Reform Act of 1994, the Office of the United States Trustee, United States Department of Justice, has prepared this information sheet to help you understand some of the possible consequences of filing a bankruptcy petition under chapter 7 of the Bankruptcy Code. This information is intended to make you aware of...

- (1) the potential consequences of seeking a discharge in bankruptcy, including the effects on credit history;
- (2) the effect of receiving a discharge of debts
- (3) the effect of reaffirming a debt; and
- (4) your ability to file a petition under a different chapter of the Bankruptcy Code.

There are many other provisions of the Bankruptcy Code that may affect your situation. This information sheet contains only general principles of law and is not a substitute for legal advice. If you have questions or need further information as to how the bankruptcy laws apply to your specific case, you should consult with your lawyer.

WHAT IS A DISCHARGE?

The filing of a chapter 7 petition is designed to result in a discharge of most of the debts you listed on your bankruptcy schedules. A discharge is a court order that says you do not have to repay your debts, but there are a number of exceptions. Debts which may not be discharged in your chapter 7 case include, for example, most taxes, child support, alimony, and student loans; court-ordered fines and restitution; debts obtained through fraud or deception; and personal injury debts caused by driving while intoxicated or taking drugs. Your discharge may be denied entirely if you, for example, destroy or conceal property; destroy, conceal or falsify records; or make a false oath. Creditors cannot ask you to pay any debts which have been discharged. You can only receive a chapter 7 discharge once every eight (8) years.

WHAT ARE THE POTENTIAL EFFECTS OF A DISCHARGE?

The fact that you filed bankruptcy can appear on your credit report for as long as 10 years. Thus, filing a bankruptcy petition may affect your ability to obtain credit in the future. Also, you may not be excused from repaying any debts that were not listed on your bankruptcy schedules or that you incurred after you filed for bankruptcy.

WHAT ARE THE EFFECTS OF REAFFIRMING A DEBT?

After you file your petition, a creditor may ask you to reaffirm a certain debt or you may seek to do so on your own. Reaffirming a debt means that you sign and file with the court a legally enforceable document, which states that you promise to repay all or a portion of the debt that may otherwise have been discharged in your bankruptcy case. Reaffirmation agreements must generally be filed with the court within 60 days after the first meeting of the creditors.

Reaffirmation agreements are strictly voluntary — they are not required by the Bankruptcy Code or other state or federal law. You can voluntarily repay any debt instead of signing a reaffirmation agreement, but there may be valid reasons for wanting to reaffirm a particular debt.

Reaffirmation agreements must not impose an undue burden on you or your dependents and must be in your best interest. If you decide to sign a reaffirmation agreement, you may cancel it at any time before the court issues your discharge order or within sixty (60) days after the reaffirmation agreement was filed with the court, whichever is later. If you reaffirm a debt and fail to make the payments required in the reaffirmation agreement, the creditor can take action against you to recover any property that was given as security for the loan and you may remain personally liable for any remaining debt.

OTHER BANKRUPTCY OPTIONS

You have a choice in deciding what chapter of the Bankruptcy Code will best suit your needs. Even if you have already filed for relief under chapter 7, you may be eligible to convert your case to a different chapter.

Chapter 7 is the liquidation chapter of the Bankruptcy Code. Under chapter 7, a trustee is appointed to collect and sell, if economically feasible, all property you own that is not exempt from these actions.

Chapter 11 is the reorganization chapter most commonly used by businesses, but it is also available to individuals. Creditors vote on whether to accept or reject a plan, which also must be approved by the court. While the debtor normally remains in control of the assets, the court can order the appointment of a trustee to take possession and control of the business.

Chapter 12 offers bankruptcy relief to those who qualify as family farmers. Family farmers must propose a plan to repay their creditors over a three-to-five year period and it must be approved by the court. Plan payments are made through a chapter 12 trustee, who also monitors the debtor's farming operations during the pendency of the plan.

Finally, chapter 13 generally permits individuals to keep their property by repaying creditors out of their future income. Each chapter 13 debtor writes a plan which must be approved by the bankruptcy court. The debtor must pay the chapter 13 trustee the amounts set forth in their plan. Debtors receive a discharge after they complete their chapter 13 repayment plan. Chapter 13 is only available to individuals with regular income whose debts do not exceed \$1,347,500 (\$336,900 in unsecured debts and \$1,010,650 in secured debts).

AGAIN, PLEASE SPEAK TO YOUR LAWYER IF YOU NEED FURTHER INFORMATION OR EXPLANATION, INCLUDING HOW THE BANKRUPTCY LAWS RELATE TO YOUR SPECIFIC CASE.

/s/ Dean Gerard Thomas	September 29, 2017
Debtor's Signature	Date

11 U.S.C. § 527(a)(2) Disclosure

In accordance with section 527(a)(2) of the Bankruptcy Code, be advised that:

- 1. All information that you are required to provide with a bankruptcy petition and during a bankruptcy case must be complete, accurate, and truthful.
- 2. All assets and liabilities must be completely and accurately disclosed, with the replacement value of each asset as defined in section 506 listed after reasonable inquiry to establish such value.
- 3. Current monthly income, the amounts specified in the "means test" under section 707(b)(2), and disposable income in chapter 13 cases must be stated after reasonable inquiry.
- 4. Information that you provide during your bankruptcy case may be audited, and the failure to provide such information may result in dismissal of the case or other sanction, including a criminal sanction.

IMPORTANT INFORMATION ABOUT BANKRUPTCY ASSISTANCE SERVICES FROM AN ATTORNEY OR BANKRUPTCY PETITION PREPARER.

If you decide to seek bankruptcy relief, you can represent yourself, you can hire an attorney to represent you, or you can get help in some localities from a bankruptcy petition preparer who is not an attorney. THE LAW REQUIRES AN ATTORNEY OR BANKRUPTCY PETITION PREPARER TO GIVE YOU A WRITTEN CONTRACT SPECIFYING WHAT THE ATTORNEY OR BANKRUPTCY PETITION PREPARER WILL DO FOR YOU AND HOW MUCH IT WILL COST. Ask to see the contract before you hire anyone.

The following information helps you understand what must be done in a routine bankruptcy case to help you evaluate how much service you need. Although bankruptcy can be complex, many cases are routine.

Before filing a bankruptcy case, either you or your attorney should analyze your eligibility for different forms of debt relief available under the Bankruptcy Code and which form of relief is most likely to be beneficial for you. Be sure you understand the relief you can obtain and its limitations. To file a bankruptcy case, documents called a Petition, Schedules, and Statement of Financial Affairs, and in some cases a Statement of Intention, need to be prepared correctly and filed with the bankruptcy court. You will have to pay a filing fee to the bankruptcy court. Once your case starts, you will have to attend the required first meeting of the creditors where you may be questioned by a court official called a 'trustee' and by creditors.

If you choose to file a chapter 7 case, you may be asked by a creditor to reaffirm a debt. You may want help deciding whether to do so. A creditor is not permitted to coerce you into reaffirming your debts.

If you choose to file a chapter 13 case in which you repay your creditors what you can afford over 3 to 5 years, you may also want help with preparing your chapter 13 plan and with the confirmation hearing on your plan which will be before a bankruptcy judge.

If you select another type of relief under the Bankruptcy Code other than chapter 7 or chapter 13, you will want to find out what should be done from someone familiar with that type of relief.

Your bankruptcy case may also involve litigation. You are generally permitted to represent yourself in litigation in bankruptcy court, but only attorneys, not bankruptcy petition preparers, can give you legal advice.